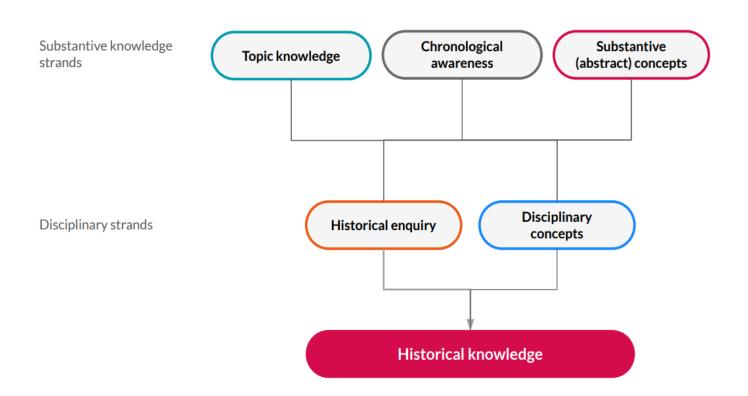


History Long Term Plan

How is the History scheme of work organised?



How does Kapow Primary's scheme for History align with the National curriculum?

Our scheme of work fulfils the statutory requirements of the **National curriculum (2014)**. The National curriculum for History aims to ensure that all pupils:

know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from

★ the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world

- know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient

 ★ civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past
 non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind
- understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically-valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses
- * gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry'
- gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts, understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between shortand long-term timescales.
- understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to

 ★ make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of
 the past have been constructed

From these aims, we have identified five strands which run throughout our scheme of work:

Topic knowledge

Chronological awareness

Substantive (abstract) concepts

Disciplinary concepts

Historical enquiry

A spiral curriculum

Kapow Primary's History scheme of work has been designed as a spiral curriculum with the following key principles in mind:

- Cyclical: Pupils return to the same disciplinary and substantive concepts during their time in primary school.
- ✓ Increasing depth: Each time a concept is revisited, it is covered with greater complexity.
- ✓ Prior knowledge: Upon returning to each concept, prior knowledge is utilised so pupils can build on previous foundations, rather than starting again.



Is there any flexibility in the Kapow Primary History scheme?

Our History scheme of work is organised into units consisting of six lessons. Within each unit, lessons must be taught in order as they build upon one another.

Units in Year 1/2 should be taught in the correct year group and in the given sequence.

Some of the six units in Lower key stage 2 can be rearranged, however, the **British history** units should be taught in order to help build chronological understanding and therefore must stay in the same cycle as each other and in order.

The same is true for Upper key stage 2: the **British history** units should be taught in order to help build chronological understanding and all units should be taught within Year 5 and 6. This means that the British history units 4-6 will need to be taught in the same cycle.

The flexibility in the order the units can be taught allows schools to adapt the planning to suit their school and to make use of cross-curricular links available.



St Mary's Mixed Age History Long Term Plan

For Early Years planning please refer to Nursery and Reception Class Pages

	Year 1 / 2		Year 3 / 4		Year 5 / 6	
	Cycle A	Cycle B	Cycle A	Cycle B	Cycle A	Cycle B
Autumn 1	How Am I making history?	What is history?	British history 1: Would you have preferred to live in the Stone, Bronze or Iron Age?	How have children's lives changed?	British history 4: Were the Viking raiders, traders or something else?	
Autumn 2						
Spring 1	How have toys changed?	How was school different in the past?	British history 2: Why did the Romans invade and settle in Britain?	What was important to Ancient Egyptians?	British history 5: What was life like in Tudor England?	
Spring 2						
Summer 1	How did we learn to fly?	What is a monarch?	British history 3: What changed in Britain after the Anglo-Saxon invasion?	How did the achievements of the ancient Maya impact their society and beyond?	British history 6: What was the impact of World War 2 on the people of Britain?	
Summer 2				22,0		